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John S. Beulio Armstrong Tea	•••		DINH, I	МІЛН
ONE METROPOLITAN SQUARE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 2600			2132	
ST. LOUIS, M	O 63102		DATE MAILED: 03/30/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary Continue			Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Minh Dinh 2132	Office Action Summary		09/748,441	DAUM ET AL.			
The MALING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address — Period for Repty A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 2 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Education of their may be evaluated under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(b) in an event, however, may a reply be timely filed to 1 this provision of the provision of 37 CFR 1.136(b) in an event, however, may a reply be timely filed to 1 this provision of the provision of 37 CFR 1.136(b) in a revent however, may a reply be timely filed and the second of the provision of the pro			Examiner	Art Unit			
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WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. E tatesciens of time may be available under the provision of 37 CPR 1.13(a). In an event, hever, may a reply be timely filed after 50 (6) MONTIS from the mailing date of this communication. False to use you will the set or candidate of the communication of the set of the communication. False to use you will the set or candidate friend to reply of the time to become ASNINOEDIC 38 U.S. C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office Liter than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any samed patter than adjustment. Set 37 CPR 1.704(s). Status 1 ∑ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 January 2006. 2a This action is FINAL. 2b ∑ This action is non-final. 3 ∑ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4 ∑ Claim(s) 16-22.24.25 and 27.31 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5 □ Claim(s) 16-22.24.25 and 27.31 is/are rejected. 7 ∑ Claim(s) 16-20.24.25 and 27.31 is/are rejected. 7 ∑ Claim(s) 19-20.24.25 and 27.31 is/are rejected. 10 ∑ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10 ∑ The drawing(s) filed on 25. July 2005 is/are: a)∑ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner. Application Papers 9 □ The specification is objected to be the fearwing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) objected to See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11 □ The oath or declaration is objected to be the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35							
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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This action is in response to the RCE/amendment filed 01/20/2006. Claims 16-17, 25, 28 and 30 have been amended.

Response to Arguments

- 2. Applicant's arguments, see page 9, 3rd paragraph, with respect to claims 25, 27 and 30-31 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejections of claims 25, 27 and 30-31 under 35 U.S.C 112, first paragraph, have been withdrawn.
- 3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 16, 25, 28 and 30 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that none of Sharrow, Elgamal et al., and Hoffman et al., considered alone or in combination, describe or suggest changing, within the first appliance, a first keying variable by installing a master keying variable within the first appliance and the appliance communication center, where the first keying variable is used to generate a second authentication word configured to be compared with the first authentication word, and the second authentication word is different from the appliance message (page 12, 1st paragraph). Elgamal discloses a method for authenticating a message using a message

Art Unit: 2132

authentication code (MAC). The Elgamal method includes, among other steps, maintaining a shared sequence number, which meets the limitation of a shared message counter, at both ends of a communication channel (col. 18, lines 26-30), applying a message, the shared message counter, and a shared first authentication keying variable, i.e. a session key, to an authentication algorithm to generate a first authentication word (col. 17, line 56 – col. 18, line 17), and transmitting the first authentication word with the message to a receiver wherein the receiver uses a shared message counter, a shared first authentication keying variable stored at the receiver and the message to generate a second authentication word configured to be compared with the first authentication word (col. 18, lines 12-38). Elgamal further discloses changing the session key by storing a master key at both transmitting and receiving devices and using the master key to generate new session keys (col. 7, lines 41-59; col. 8, line 44 - col. 9, line 12; col. 8, lines 57-67).

Page 3

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Art Unit: 2132

Page 4

5. Claims 16-22, 24-25 and 27-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 16 recites the limitation "changing, within the first appliance, a first keying variable by installing a master keying variable within the first appliance and the appliance communication center". The limitation is interpreted as either (a) the master keying variable is the new first keying variable; or (b) the value of the first keying variable is automatically changed when a master keying variable is installed. Neither interpretation is supported by the original disclosure (see figure 7 and corresponding text for discussion of changing the first keying variable). Therefore, the limitation is considered new matter. Claims 25, 28 and 30 are rejected on the same basis as claim 16. Claims that are not specifically addressed are rejected by virtue of their dependency.

6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Art Unit: 2132

- 7. Claims 16, 19-22, 24 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential steps, such omission amounting to a gap between the steps. See MPEP § 2172.01. With respect to claim 16, the omitted step is: authenticating the appliance message as stated in the preamble. Claim 30 is rejected on the same basis as claim 16. Claims that are not specifically addressed are rejected by virtue of their dependency.
- 8. Claims 16-18, 24-26 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential steps, such omission amounting to a gap between the steps. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted step is: wherein applying comprises applying an authentication keying variable. With respect to claim 16, the appliance communication center does not use a keying variable to generate a first authentication word (only the message to be transmitted and a first shared message counter), and the first appliance uses a first keying variable to generate a second authentication word configured to be compared to the first authentication word. The second authentication word would never be equal to the first authentication word unless the appliance communication center also uses a keying variable corresponding to the first keying variable to generate the first authentication word. Claims 25 and 30 are rejected on the same basis

Art Unit: 2132

as claim 16. Claims that are not specifically addressed are rejected by virtue of their dependency.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 16-19, 24 and 28-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharrow (6,061,668) in view of Elgamal et al (5,825,890) and Hoffman et al (6,366,682). Sharrow discloses an appliance communication network in which an appliance communication center (communicates with different appliances (Abstract; fig. 1, elements 10 and 12-15).

Regarding claims 16-17, 19 and 28, Sharrow discloses a method comprising: applying at an appliance communication center an appliance message to an algorithm to generate a first checksum value, transmitting the appliance message and the first checksum value to an appliance, receiving the appliance message and the first checksum value by the appliance, generating a second checksum value based on the received

appliance message, and comparing the first checksum value and the second checksum value to determine the integrity of the appliance message (fig. 2 and corresponding text).

Sharrow does not disclose using a shared message counter shared between the communication center and the appliance, and generating the authentication word using the message, the value of the shared message counter and a shared keying variable shared between the communication center and the appliance. Elgamal discloses a method for authenticating a message using a message authentication code (MAC). The Elgamal method includes, among other steps, maintaining a shared sequence number, which meets the limitation of a shared message counter, at both ends of a communication channel (col. 18, lines 26-30), applying a message, the shared message counter, and a shared first keying variable, i.e. a session key, to an authentication algorithm to generate a first authentication word (col. 17, line 56 - col. 18, line 17), and transmitting the first authentication word with the message to a receiver wherein the receiver uses a shared message counter, a shared first authentication keying variable both stored at the receiver and the received message to generate a second authentication word configured to be compared with the first authentication word (col. 18, lines 12-38). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the Elgamal method for

Art Unit: 2132

authenticating a message using a message authentication code into the method of Sharrow; in particular, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to maintain a shared message counter at the appliance communication center and the appliance, to apply the message, the shared message counter and a shared first keying variable to an authentication algorithm to generate an authentication word, and to transmit the authentication word with the message. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow the receiver of a message to authenticate the message.

Sharrow does not disclose changing, within the first appliance, a first keying variable by installing a master keying variable within the first appliance and the appliance communication center. Elgamal further discloses changing the first shared keying variable by storing a master keying variable at both transmitting and receiving devices and using the master keying variable to generate a new first shared keying variable (col. 7, lines 41-59; col. 8, line 44 – col. 9, line 12; col. 8, lines 57-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to change the Elgamal method further to change the first shared keying variable by storing a master keying variable at both ends of the communication channel and using the master keying variable to generate a

Art Unit: 2132

new first shared keying variable, as taught by Elgamal, in order to enhance security.

Elgamal discloses maintaining a shared message counter in one-to-one communication. Elgamal does not disclose maintaining multiple shared message counters by an entity when the entity communicates with two or more other entities; each of the shared message counters is separately maintained for each of the other entities. Hoffman discloses that an entity (i.e., the data processing center) communicates with other entities (BIA devices) and that the entity maintains multiple shared message counters, each of the shared message counter is separately maintained for each of the other entities (fig. 8; col. 29, line 42 - col. 30, line 59). Since the Sharrow appliance communication center communicates with multiple appliances, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the Sharrow method to maintain, at the appliance communication center, multiple shared message counters, each of the shared message counter is separately maintained for each of the devices, as taught by Hoffman. The motivation for doing so would have been to prevent replay attack when one entity communicates with two or more other entities.

Regarding claims 18 and 29, Elgamal further discloses incrementing the shared message counter, as stored in the receiving side, after receiving a genuine authenticated message at the receiving side (col. 18, lines 24-33).

Regarding claim 24, Elgamal further discloses incrementing the shared message counter, as stored in the sending side, after transmitting the authenticated message (col. 18, lines 24-30).

11. Claims 25, 27 and 30-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharrow in view of Elgamal, Hoffman and "Commercial Laundry Services".

Regarding claim 25, Sharrow discloses a system in which an appliance communication center is connected to and communicates with a plurality of appliances via a network wherein data integrity of messages transmitted between the appliance communication center and the appliances are protected using checksums (Abstract; fig. 1, elements 10 and 12-15, figures 2 and 3).

Sharrow does not disclose that the appliance communication center uses and stores a shared message counter shared between the communication center and one of the appliances, generates an authentication word using the message, the value of the shared message counter and a shared keying variable. Elgamal discloses a method for

Art Unit: 2132

authenticating a message using a message authentication code (MAC). The Elgamal method includes, among other steps, maintaining a shared sequence number, which meets the limitation of a shared message counter, at both ends of a communication channel (col. 18, lines 26-30), applying a message, the shared message counter, and a shared first keying variable, i.e. a session key, to an authentication algorithm to generate a first authentication word (col. 17, line 56 - col. 18, line 17), and transmitting the first authentication word with the message to a receiver wherein the receiver uses a shared message counter, a shared first authentication keying variable both stored at the receiver and the received message to generate a second authentication word configured to be compared with the first authentication word (col. 18, lines 12-38). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the Elgamal method for authenticating a message using a message authentication code into the system of Sharrow; in particular, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to maintain a shared message counter at the appliance communication center and the appliance, to apply the message, the shared message counter and a shared first keying variable to an authentication algorithm to generate an authentication word, and to transmit the authentication word with the

message. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow the receiver of a message to authenticate the message.

Sharrow does not disclose changing, within the first appliance, a first keying variable by installing a master keying variable within the first appliance and the appliance communication center. Elgamal further discloses changing the first shared keying variable by storing a master keying variable at both transmitting and receiving devices and using the master keying variable to generate a new first shared keying variable (col. 7, lines 41-59; col. 8, line 44 – col. 9, line 12; col. 8, lines 57-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to change the Elgamal method further to change the first shared keying variable by storing a master keying variable at both ends of the communication channel and using the master keying variable to generate a new first shared keying variable, as taught by Elgamal, in order to enhance security.

Elgamal discloses maintaining a shared message counter in one-to-one communication. Elgamal does not disclose maintaining multiple shared message counters by an entity when the entity communicates with two or more other entities; each of the shared message counters is separately maintained for each of the other entities. Hoffman discloses that an entity (i.e., the data processing center) communicates with other entities (BIA

Page 13

Art Unit: 2132

devices) and that the entity maintains multiple shared message counters, each of the shared message counter is separately maintained for each of the other entities (fig. 8; col. 29, line 42 – col. 30, line 59). Since the Sharrow appliance communication center communicates with multiple appliances, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the Sharrow method to maintain, at the appliance communication center, multiple shared message counters, each of the shared message counter is separately maintained for each of the devices, as taught by Hoffman. The motivation for doing so would have been to prevent replay attack when one entity communicates with two or more other entities.

Elgamal and Hoffman do not disclose that their counters are non-resettable. The "Commercial Laundry Services" reference discloses using non-resettable counter to insure accountability (see At Jetz, Security is a key). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the Sharrow system such that the counters are non-resettable, as taught in "Commercial Laundry Services", in order to insure accountability.

Regarding claim 27, Elgamal further discloses incrementing the shared message counter, as stored in the sending side, after transmitting the authenticated message (col. 18, lines 24-30).

Art Unit: 2132

Regarding claim 30, Sharrow discloses a method comprising: at an appliance, applying an appliance message to an algorithm to generate a checksum value (fig. 3), and transmitting the appliance message and the checksum by the appliance to an appliance communication center (fig. 3).

Sharrow does not disclose maintaining a shared message counter at the first appliance and the appliance communication center, using the shared message counter and a shared first keying variable to generate the authentication word. Elgamal discloses a method for authenticating a message using a message authentication code (MAC). The Elgamal method includes, among other steps, maintaining a shared sequence number, which meets the limitation of a shared message counter, at both ends of a communication channel (col. 18, lines 26-30), applying a message, the shared message counter, and a shared first keying variable, i.e. a session key, to an authentication algorithm to generate a first authentication word (col. 17, line 56 - col. 18, line 17), and transmitting the first authentication word with the message to a receiver wherein the receiver uses a shared message counter, a shared first authentication keying variable both stored at the receiver and the received message to generate a second authentication word configured to be compared with the first authentication word (col. 18, lines 12-38). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the Elgamal method for

authenticating a message using a message authentication code into the system of Sharrow; in particular, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to maintain a shared message counter at the appliance communication center and the appliance, to apply the message, the shared message counter and a shared first keying variable to an authentication algorithm to generate an authentication word, and to transmit the authentication word with the message. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow the receiver of a message to authenticate the message.

Sharrow does not disclose changing, within the first appliance, a first keying variable by installing a master keying variable within the first appliance and the appliance communication center. Elgamal further discloses changing the first shared keying variable by storing a master keying variable at both transmitting and receiving devices and using the master keying variable to generate a new first shared keying variable (col. 7, lines 41-59; col. 8, line 44 – col. 9, line 12; col. 8, lines 57-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to change the Elgamal method further to change the first shared keying variable by storing a master keying variable at both ends of the communication channel and using the master keying variable to generate a

new first shared keying variable, as taught by Elgamal, in order to enhance security.

Elgamal discloses maintaining a shared message counter in one-to-one communication. Elgamal does not disclose maintaining multiple shared message counters by an entity when the entity communicates with two or more other entities; each of the shared message counters is separately maintained for each of the other entities. Hoffman discloses that an entity (i.e., the data processing center) communicates with other entities (BIA devices) and that the entity maintains multiple shared message counters, each of the shared message counter is separately maintained for each of the other entities (fig. 8; col. 29, line 42 – col. 30, line 59). Since the Sharrow appliance communication center communicates with multiple appliances, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the Sharrow method to maintain, at the appliance communication center, multiple shared message counters, each of the shared message counter is separately maintained for each of the devices, as taught by Hoffman. The motivation for doing so would have been to prevent replay attack when one entity communicates with two or more other entities.

Elgamal and Hoffman do not disclose that their counters are nonresettable. The "Commercial Laundry Services" reference discloses using

non-resettable counter to insure accountability (see At Jetz, Security is a key). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the Sharrow system such that the counters are non-resettable, as taught in "Commercial Laundry Services", in order to insure accountability.

Regarding claim 31, Sharrow further discloses receiving the message at the appliance communication center (fig. 2; col. 3, lines 23-26). Elgamal further discloses applying the shared message counter, as stored in the receiving side, and the received message to an authentication algorithm to generate a second authentication word and comparing the first and second authentication words to determine the authenticity of the message (col. 18, lines 31-38).

12. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharrow in view of Elgamal and Hoffman as applied to claim 19 above, and further in view of Kaufman et al ("Network Security Private Communication in a Public World"). Sharrow and Elgamal disclose using a shared message counter to generate the first authentication word in claim 16. Elgamal discloses that the authentication algorithm iteratively performs arithmetic or logical operations (col. 18, lines 4-6). Sharrow and Elgamal do not disclose using a directional code to generate the first authentication

Page 18

Art Unit: 2132

word, Kaufman teaches using a directional code for authentication (Section 9.3.5 Privacy and Integrity, p. 242, 3rd par). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the ad at the time the invention was made to modify the combined method of Sharrow, Elgamal and Hoffman to use a directional code for authentication, as taught by Kaufman. Accordingly, the directional code is used to generate the first authentication word. The motivation for doing so would have been to be able to prevent a reflection attack. Sharrow discloses a working register (col. 5, lines 1-5). Sharrow does not disclose that the working register comprising at least four bytes, the first three bytes holding the shared message counter the fourth byte holding the directional code. However, the differences between the claimed working register and the working register of Sharrow is a matter of design choice since both store the shared message counter and the directional code.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 13. Claims 21-22 objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 14. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter. Regarding claim 21, the limitations "forming P as the dot

Art Unit: 2132

product of R2 and R0; forming Q as the bitwise exclusive or of P with the constant expression '01010101'; forming S by adding Q to K; forming S' by end around rotating S; forming T as the bitwise exclusive or of S' and R3; forming F as the bitwise exclusive or of T with a byte of the appliance message; and replacing R3 with R2, R2 with R1, R1 with R0, and R0 with F", in combination with elements of the parent claims, have not been taught by prior art.

Conclusion

- 15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - U.S. Patent No. 4,688,250 to Corrington et al.
 - U.S. Patent No. 5,720,034 to Case

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Minh Dinh whose telephone number is 571-272-3802. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri: 10:00am-6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gilberto Barron can be reached on 571-272-3799.

Art Unit: 2132

Page 20

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MD

Minh Dinh Examiner Art Unit 2132

MD 3/27/06

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